American Imperialism at the Dawn of the 20th Century

1. In your own words define the word *empire*?
2. Give an example of an *empire* you have learned about from previous classes or experience.

Manifest Destiny

***The following questions are from Chapter 2 Section 4 pages 104-107. You may BROWSE this section.***

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is the idea or belief held by many Americans that the United States had the right to occupy all of North America from the Atlantic Ocean in the east to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the west.
2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tribes, sometimes called the First Nations, already lived in the lands to the west.
3. Americans who moved west soon set their sights on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_which belonged to Mexico, and Oregon that was owned by the British Empire.
4. With Oregon and the former Mexican territories under the American flag the idea of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had been realized.
5. In your opinion, does American Westward Expansion meet the definition of an *empire* you gave in question 1? Explain why or why not?

The Imperial Vision

***The following questions are from Chapter 7 Section 1 pages 262-267. You must READ this section for detail.***

1. Americans showed little interest in expanding the nation’s territory outside of the United States or increasing international influence because they were more concerned with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the South after the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, building up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and settling the West.
2. In the 1880s many European countries were already expanding their influence overseas during a period known as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
3. Imperialism is defined as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ domination of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ nation over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ones.
4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, which were intended to protect a nation’s industries from foreign competition, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ trade between industrialized countries. This forced companies to look for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ overseas to sell their products to.
5. In a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the imperial power or empire allowed the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to officially stay in control of their country and promised to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the local ruler from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In exchange for protection, the local ruler had to accept \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the empire. The empire basically told the local ruler what to do.
6. Social Darwinism was the belief that, just like animals in the wild, nations competed with each other politically, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and that only the strongest nations would survive.
7. John Fiske, a supporter of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, believed the nation’s destiny was to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ overseas and spread its dominant Christian and English speaking \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to other people.
8. A naval officer, Captain \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wrote a book about ***Sea Power*** that argued the United States must improve its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by modernizing its \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in order to compete with other empires in overseas markets.
9. In 1853\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sailed his naval steam ships into \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ bay in Japan to negotiate a trade treaty with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This was an important event in their history because Japanese leaders decided it was time to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their society so they adopted Western \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
10. This launched an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Japan and by the 1890s they had a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that allowed Japan to create its own \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Asia.
11. In Hawaii, American \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ planters became rich from selling their product, but when subsidies made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sugar more expensive than American sugar, American planters in Hawaii wanted it to become part of the United States. In 1893 the planters, along with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the *USS Boston* forced the Hawaiian Queen \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to step down. When President Grover Cleveland left office Hawaii was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (taken over) by the U.S.

The Spanish American War

***The following questions are from Chapter 7 Section 2 pages 268-275. You many BROWSE this section.***

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was one of Spain’s oldest colonies and the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ plantations in Cuba made it economically important for Spain. Much of that product was exported to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which economically connected our country to Cuba.
2. Cubans wanted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from Spain and began a revolution against Spain in1868. A leader of the rebellion \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, a poet, brought together Cuban revolutionary groups in 1895, but was killed in the fighting.
3. Why did Americans support the rebellion in Cuba?
4. In 1898 President \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sent the battleship \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Havana Harbor in Cuba to protect American sugar interests and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Americans if necessary.
5. Due to sensationalized stories and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ journalism most Americans believed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ blew up the Maine, even though it exploded as a result of an accident.
6. Because both Cuba and the Philippines are islands, both Spain and the United States knew that the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ would be the main military forces used to decide the outcome of the war.
7. Teddy Roosevelt joined a volunteer cavalry unit known as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, who were involved in the largest land battle in Cuba. This made him the most famous ­­­­­­­­­­­­­­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the war.
8. What was the main economic argument for the United States annexing the Philippines?

New American Diplomacy

***The following questions are from Chapter 7 Section 3 pages 276-282. You may BROWSE this section.***

1. The vast trading markets in China excited American business leaders, especially those in the textile, oil, and steel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. In the 1894 war between China and Japan over \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Japan easily defeated China and gained territory in Manchuria. The Japanese \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ became powerful because of their industrialization.
3. Imperial \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ forced Japan to give its newly acquired territory in Manchuria back to China, creating tension for future conflict between the two countries.
4. The United States felt the best way to allow trade in China was to propose an \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ policy, which would allow all countries equal access to trading markets in China.
5. Chinese groups, such as the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ known as the “Boxers” formed to fight foreign control. In the Boxer Rebellion this group and Chinese soldiers fought against the Alliance of 8 nations including soldiers from the empires of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Austria-Hungary, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, France, Italy, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, Russia and the United States.
6. President Teddy Roosevelt and others viewed the construction of a canal through \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as vital to American Power in the World. This canal would greatly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the amount of time it took to travel from the Atlantic coast to the Pacific.
7. In 1903, The United States recognized the independence of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, who then allowed the U.S. to build a canal through its territory.
8. The Roosevelt Corollary (addition) to the Monroe Doctrine said that the United States would intervene in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ affairs when necessary to maintain economic stability in the Western hemisphere.